COLORPLACE® Spray Enamels

ColorPlace

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Material Safety Data Sheet

COLORPLACE/WM

2004

Section "	I - Product and Company Identification
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HMIS CODES PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION Health COLORPLACE® Spray Enamels Flammability Reactivity

20000	White	20006	Walnut	20013	
20001	Blue	20008	Gloss Black	20014	Clear
20002	Green	20009	Flat White	20016	Almond
	Yellow	20010	Gray Frimer	20017	Orange
20004	Flat Black	20011	Rust Rest Primer		
20005	Red	20012	Aluminum		

MANUFACTURER'S NAME

Distributed by:

WAL-MART Stores Inc.

Bentonville, AR 72716

DATE OF PREPARATION

01-MAR-04

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.

(216) 566-2917

INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO. (216) 566-2902

Section 2 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

	CAS No.				UNIT	'S	VAPOR	PRESSU	JRE
16-18	74-98-6	Propane ACGIH	TLV	2500	maga			760	mm
		OSHA	PEL	1000	ppm				
16-17	106-97-8	Butane							
2.0		ACGIH	TLV	800	ppm			760	mm
		OSHA	PEL	800	ppm				
9-38	108-88-3	Toluene							
		ACGIH	TLV	50		(skin)		22	mm
		OSHA	PEL	100		(skin)			
		OSHA	PEL	150	mqq	(skin)	STEL		
< 1.	95-63-6	1,2,4-Trime							
		ACGIH		25	ppm			2.03	mm
		OSHA	PEL	25	ppm				
0 - 4	64742-89-8	Lt. Aliphat				Solvent		۲.,	****
		ACGIH		100	ppm			23	mm
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm				
0-7	64742-89-8	V. M. & P.	Naph					1 1	mm
		ACGIH		300	ppm			12	ши
		OSHA	PEL	300	ppm	a mene			
		OSHA	PEL	400	ppm	STEL			
0 - 1	100-41-4	Ethylbenzer						7.1	mm
		ACGIH		100	ppm	OMITTE		/ . 4	111111
		ACGIH		125		STEL			
		OSHA	PEL	100	ppm	CICOTAT			
		OSHA	PEL	125	ppm	STEL			

Etior		COLORPLACE® Spray Enamels Page 2 of 6
0-2	111-76-2	2-Butoxyethanol
		ACGIH TLV 20 ppm (skin) 0.88 mm
		OSHA PEL 20 ppm (skin)
14-27	67-64-1	Acetone
		ACGIH TLV 500 ppm 180 mm
		ACGIH TLV 750 ppm STEL
		OSHA PEL 1000 ppm
0-11	14807-96-6	Talc (in Flat Black & Flat White only)
		ACGIH TLV 2 mg/m3 as Resp. Dust
		OSHA PEL 2 mg/m3 as Resp. Dust
0 - 7	13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide (in White & Gray only)
		ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 as Dust
		OSHA PEL 10 mg/m3 Total Dust
		OSHA PEL 5 mg/m3 Respirable Fraction
0-1	1333-86-4	Carbon Black (in Blacks only)
		ACGIH TLV 3.5 mg/m3
		OSHA PEL 3.5 mg/m3
0-5	Proprietary	Bronze Pigment (in Gold only)
		ACGIH TLV Not Available
		OSHA PEL Not Available

Section 3 - Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

- - - Eest - - E

INHALATION of vapor or spray mist.

EYE or SKIN contact with the product, vapor or spray mist.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

EYES: Irritation.

SKIN: Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause irritation.

INHALATION: Irritation of the upper respiratory system.

May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.
SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists.

Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For complete discussion of toxicology data refer to Section 11.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

EYES: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.

Get medical attention.

SKIN: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water.

Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.

INHALATION: If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing.

Keep warm and quiet.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting.

Get medical attention immediately.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

UEL LEL FLASH POINT 12.8 Propellant < 0 F 0.9

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat.

Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions.

During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus

should be used.

Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY

Not Available

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Vapors will accumulate

readily and may ignite explosively.

During use and until all vapors are gone: Keep area ventilated - Do not smoke - Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters - Turn off stoves, electric tools and appliances, and any other sources of ignition.

Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate, or expose to temperature above 120 °F. Heat from sunlight, radiators, stoves, hot water, and other heat sources could cause container to burst. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist.

Wash hands after using.

These coatings may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 (total dust), 3 mg/m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg/m3 (total dust), 5 mg/m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD (in US) or contact your local health authority. VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES None required for normal application of aerosol products where minimal skin contact is expected. For long or repeated contact, wear chemical resistant gloves. EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

695-740 g/l 5.8-6.2 lb/gal PRODUCT WEIGHT

0.70-0.75 SPECIFIC GRAVITY <-18 - 172 C

<0 - 343 F BOILING POINT

Not Available MELTING POINT

90-93 등 VOLATILE VOLUME Faster than ether EVAPORATION RATE

Heavier than air VAPOR DENSITY N.A. SOLUBILITY IN WATER

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical)

Volatile Weight 55-70 % Less Water and Federally Exempt Solvents

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY -- Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID

None known.

INCOMPATIBILITY

None known.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION

Will not occur

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

Ethylbenzene is classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B) based on inadequate evidence in humans and sufficient evidence in laboratory animals. Lifetime inhalation exposure of rats and mice to high ethylbenzene concentrations resulted in increases in certain types of cancer, including kidney tumors in rats and lung and liver tumors in mice. These effects were not observed in animals exposed to lower concentrations. There is no evidence that ethylbenzene causes cancer in humans.

Carbon Black is classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (group 2B) based on experimental animal data, however, there is insufficient evidence in humans for its carcinogenicity.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver, urinary, blood forming, cardiovascular and reproductive systems.

Rats exposed to titanium dioxide dust at 250 mg./m3 developed lung cancer, however, such exposure levels are not attainable in the workplace.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

TOXICOLOGY DATA CAS No.	Ingredient Na	ame				
74-98-6	Propane	LC50	RAT RAT	4HR	Not Ava Not Ava	
106-97-8	Butane	LC50	RAT RAT	4HR	Not Ava	ilable
64742-89-8	Lt. Aliphatic			olvent 4HR	Not Ava	ilable
64742-89-8	V. M. & P. N		RAT RAT	4 HR	Not Ava	ilable
108-88-3	Toluene	LC50 LD50	RAT RAT	4HR	4000 5000	ppm mg/kg
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	LC50 LD50	RAT RAT	4HR	Not Ava	ilable mg/kg
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimet			4HR	Not Ava	
111-76-2	2-Butoxyetha		RAT RAT	4HR	Not Ava	ilable mg/kg
67-64-1	Acetone	LC50 LD50	RAT RAT	4HR	Not Ava	ilable mg/kg
14807-96-6	Talc	LC50 LD50	RAT RAT	4.HR	Not Ava	ailable ailable

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COLORPLACE® Spray Enamels

13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide LC50 LD50	RAT 4HR RAT	Not Available Not Available
1333-86-4	Carbon Black LC50 LD50	RAT 4HR RAT	Not Available Not Available
Proprietary	Bronze Pigment LC50 LD50	RAT 4HR RAT	Not Available Not Available

Section 12 - Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION No data available.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from these products may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261.

Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA

hazardous waste numbers. Do not incinerate. Depressurize container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 - Transport Information

No data available.

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

CAS No.	CHEMICAL/COMPOUND	% by	/ WT	% Element
95-63-6	Toluene Ethylbenzene 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene Clycol Ethers	max max max max	1 1	

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 WARNING: These products contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

Section 16 - Other Information

These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to these products as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to these products may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the products. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.