

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

## **SECTION 1 - Chemical Product and Company Information**

Product Name: EARLY AMERICAN LACQUER STAIN (1G) Product Code: 754-1

Manufactured by:

24- Hour Emergency (Spill, Leak, Exposure or Accident):

**Gemini Coatings** 

**INFOTRAC 800-535-5053** 

2300 Holloway Drive

Outside USA, Call Collect 1-352-323-3500

El Reno, OK 73036 800-262-5710

24- Hour Emergency HAZMAT Response and MSDS Help: EMI 800-510-8510

Product Use: A protective and/or decorative finish or accompanying product (reference label or product data sheet for more information).

Not recommended for: Any other use not detailed on product data sheet or label.

### **SECTION 2 - Hazards Identification**

## **GHS Ratings:**

Flammable liquid	3	Flash point >= 23°C and <= 60°C (140°F)
Oral Toxicity	Acute Tox. 4	Oral>300+<=2000mg/kg
Dermal Toxicity	Acute Tox. 3	Dermal>200+<=1000mg/kg
Skin corrosive	2	Reversible adverse effects in dermal tissue, Draize score: >=
		2.3 < 4.0 or persistent inflammation
Eye corrosive	2A	Eye irritant: Subcategory 2A, Reversible in 21 days
Mutagen	1B	Known to produce heritable mutations in human germ cellsSubcategory 1B, Positive results: In vivo heritable germ cell tests in mammals, Human germ cell tests, In vivo somatic mutagenicity tests, combined with some evidence of germ cell mutagenicity
Carcinogen	1A	Known Human Carcinogen Based on human evidence
Reproductive toxin	1A	Based on human evidence
Aspiration hazard	1	Aspiration Toxicity Category 1: Known (regarded)- human evidence - hydrocarbons with kinematic viscosity? 20.5 mm2/s at 40° C.

GHS Hazards		GHS Precaution	<u>s</u>
H226 H302 H304	Flammable liquid and vapour Harmful if swallowed May be fatal if swallowed and	P201 P202	Obtain special instructions before use Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
H311 H315	enters airways Toxic in contact with skin Causes skin irritation	P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces – No smoking
H319	Causes serious eye irritation	P233	Keep container tightly closed
H340 H350	May cause genetic defects  May cause cancer	P240	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child	P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/light/mixers/equipm ent
		P242	Use only non-sparking tools
		P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge
		P264	Wash any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

		•
	P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
	P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
	P281	Use personal protective equipment as
	P312	required Call a POISON CENTER or
	P321	doctor/physician if you feel unwell Specific treatment (see First Aid
	P322	section on this label) Specific measures (see First Aid
ı	D000	section on this label)
	P330	Rinse mouth
	P331 P361	Do NOT induce vomiting
	P301	Remove/Take off immediately all
ı	P362	contaminated clothing
ı	- 502	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse
	P363	Wash contaminated clothing before
	. 555	reuse
	P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a
		POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
	P301+P312	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON
		CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel
		unweil
	P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water
	P303+P361+P35	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off
	3	immediately all contaminated clothing.  Rinse skin with water/shower
	P305+P351+P33	IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with
	8	water for several minutes. Remove
į		contact lenses if present and easy to
		do – continue rinsing
	P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical
		advice/attention
	P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical
		advice/attention
	P337+P313	Get medical advice/attention
	P370+P378	In case of fire: Use the NFPA Class B extinguisher for extinction
	P405	Store locked up
	P403+P235	Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool
	P501	Do not flush to sewer, watershed or waterway. Dispose of product in accordance with applicable local, county, state and federal regulations.
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Signal Word:

Danger



SECTION 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients				
Chemical Name / CAS No. OSHA Exposure Limits ACGIH Exposure Limits Other Exposure Limits				

2-BUTOXYETHANOL 111-76-2 77 percent	50 ppm TWA; 240 mg/m3 TWA	20 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 5 ppm TWA; 24 mg/m3 TWA
U NKNOWN 4 percent			
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic 64742-95-6 4 percent			
1-Butanol 71-36-3 3 percent	100 ppm TWA; 300 mg/m3 TWA	20 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 50 ppm Ceiling; 150 mg/m3 Ceiling
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4 3 percent	150 ppm TWA; 710 mg/m3 TWA	200 ppm STEL 150 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 150 ppm TWA; 710 mg/m3 TWA 200 ppm STEL; 950 mg/m3 STEL
MINERAL SPIRITS 8052-41-3 2 percent	500 ppm TWA; 2900 mg/m3 TWA	100 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 350 mg/m3 TWA 1800 mg/m3 Ceiling (15 min)
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl- 95-63-6 2 percent			NIOSH: 25 ppm TWA; 125 mg/m3 TWA
Silica gel, precipitated, crystalline free 112926-00-8 1 percent			

### **SECTION 4 - First Aid Measures**

#### Inhalation:

Remove exposed individual to fresh air and assist breathing if necessary. Seek medical attention.

#### **Eye Contact:**

Flush eyes with lukewarm water for 15 minutes. Seek medical attention immediately.

#### Skin:

Remove contaminated clothing, wash area immediately with soap and water. See physician if irritation persists.

#### Ingestion:

Rinse mouth out immediately. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water to dilute. <u>DO NOT</u> induce vomiting. Contact physician or poison control center immediately.

#### **SECTION 5 - Fire Fighting Measures**

#### Alcohol Foam, CO2, Dry Chemical

Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Do not apply to hot surfaces. Never use welding or cutting torch on or near container (even empty) because product (even residue) may ignite explosively. Liquid and vapor states of this substance are dangerous fire hazards and moderate explosion hazards when exposed to heat or flame.

\*\* Rags, steel wool, and paper towels soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly stored and/or discarded. Immediately after each use place rags, steel wool, and paper towels in a sealed water-filled container to prevent spontaneous combustion.

Oxidation may produce carbon and nitrogen oxides.

Clear fire area of unprotected personnel. Do not enter confined space without helmet, face shield, bunker coat, gloves, rubber boots and a positive pressure NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus. A water stream can scatter flames. A spray of water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible auto ignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable.

The National Fire Protection Association Class B extinguisher is designed to extinguish NFPA Class IB flammable

#### **SECTION 6 - Accidental Release Measures**

Stay upwind and away from spill or leak unless wearing appropriate protective equipment. Stop and/or contain discharge if it may be done safely. Keep all sources of ignition away. Ventilate area of spill. Use non-sparking tools for clean up. Cover with inert material to reduce fumes. Keep out of drains, sewer or waterways.

If large spill occurs, alert spill response teams. Contact fire authorities. Notify local health and pollution control agencies.

\*\* Rags, steel wool, and paper towels soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly stored and/or discarded. Immediately after each use place rags, steel wool, and paper towels in a sealed water-filled container to prevent spontaneous combustion.

### **SECTION 7- Handling and Storage**

#### Handling:

Bond and ground metal containers when transferring liquid. Avoid free fall of liquid in excess of a few inches. Personnel should avoid inhalation of vapors. Personal contact with the product should be avoided. Should contact be made, remove saturated clothing and flush affected skin areas with water. Containers of this material may be hazardous when emptied. Since emptied containers retain product residues (vapor, liquid, and/or solid), all hazard precautions given in this sheet must be observed.

\*\* Rags, steel wool, and paper towels soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly stored and/or discarded. Immediately after each use place rags, steel wool, and paper towels in a sealed water-filled container to prevent spontaneous combustion.

#### Storage:

Keep product containers cool, dry and away from sources of ignition. Use and store this product with adequate ventilation. DO NOT SMOKE in or near storage areas.

SECTION 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection				
Chemical Name / CAS No.	OSHA Exposure Limits	ACGIH Exposure Limits	Other Exposure Limits	
2-BUTOXYETHANOL 111-76-2	50 ppm TWA; 240 mg/m3 TWA	20 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 5 ppm TWA; 24 mg/m3 TWA	
UNKNOWN				
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic 64742-95-6				
1-Butanol 71-36-3	100 ppm TWA; 300 mg/m3 TWA	20 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 50 ppm Ceiling; 150 mg/m3 Ceiling	
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	150 ppm TWA; 710 mg/m3 TWA	200 ppm STEL 150 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 150 ppm TWA; 710 mg/m3 TWA 200 ppm STEL; 950 mg/m3 STEL	
MINERAL SPIRITS 8052-41-3	500 ppm TWA; 2900 mg/m3 TWA	100 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 350 mg/m3 TWA 1800 mg/m3 Ceiling (15 min)	
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl- 95-63-6		·	NIOSH: 25 ppm TWA; 125 mg/m3 TWA	
Silica gel, precipitated, crystalline free 112926-00-8				

Use local exhaust as required to control vapor concentrations. Avoid prolonged or repeated breathing of vapors.

### **Respiratory Protection:**

If exposure exceeds TLV or PELs, use NIOSH approved respirator to prevent overexposure.

#### **Skin Protection:**

Required for prolonged or repeated contact. Wear resistant gloves such as natural rubber, neoprene, buna N or nitrile. An apron should be worn to avoid skin contact.

#### **Eye Protection:**

Wear splash proof googles and face shield if there is a likelihood of contact with eyes.

#### **Hygenic Practices**

Wash hands thoroughly before eating or using the restroom. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and do not wear again until it has been properly laundered.

## **SECTION 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties**

Vapor Density Heavier Than Air

Boiling range: 34°C Freezing point: N/A Flammability: N/A

Autoignition temperature: 170°C

Relative Density: N/A
Odor threshold: N/A
SPECIFIC GRAVITY 0.9191

Partition coefficient (n- N/A octanol/water):

Grams VOC less water: N/A WT. VOLATILE (VOC) 92.0454

Lbs VOC/Gallon Solids 179.1532

**SOLIDS VOL%** 3.9323

**SPREAD @ 1 MIL** 63.0740

Appearance Colored Liquid

Physical State Liquid Coating VOC (g/l) 844.7411

Coating VOC (Lb/GI) 7.0495

**Evaporation Rate** Faster than Butyl

Acetate

Melting point: N/A

Flash point: 81 F,27 C

Explosive Limits: N/A

Decomposition temperature: N/A

Vapor Pressure N/A

pH: N/A

Solubility: N/A

Viscosity: N/A

% VOLUME VOLATILE (VOC) 96.0015

% Pig. by wt. 4.3057

**VOLATILE WT%** 92.1174

DENSITY (Lb/Gal) 7.6536

HAPS (lbs/gl) 0.1582

Odor N/A

Material VOC (g/l) 844.1821

Material VOC (Lb/GI) 7.0448

## **SECTION 10 - Stability and Reactivity**

Stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Materials to Avoid: Strong oxidizing agents, strong alkalines, strong mineral acids.

Conditions to avoid: high heat, sparks, flames, static discharge.

Hazardous Decomposition: Oxidation may produce carbon and nitrogen oxides.

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

#### **SECTION 11 - Toxicological Information**

<sup>\*\*</sup> Rags, steel wool, and paper towels soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly stored and/or discarded. Immediately after each use place rags, steel wool, and paper towels in a sealed water-filled container to prevent spontaneous combustion.

#### **Mixture Toxicity**

Oral Toxicity LD50: 1,021mg/kg Dermal Toxicity LD50: 243mg/kg Inhalation Toxicity LC50: 101mg/L

#### **Component Toxicity**

111-76-2

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Oral LD50: 470 mg/kg (Rat) Dermal LD50: 99 mg/kg (Rabbit) Inhalation LC50: 450 ppm (Rat)

71-36-3

1-Butanol

Oral LD50: 700 mg/kg (Rat) Dermal LD50: 3,402 mg/kg (Rabbit)

Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eyes, Ingestion

#### Skin:

Skin contact can cause redness, dryness or rash. Prolonged contact can cause irritation, dry skin, cracks, and dermititis.

#### Ingestion:

Can cause vomiting, nausea, diarrhea, and gastrointestinal irritation.

### Inhalation:

Excessive inhalation of vapors can cause nasal and repiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache possible unconsciousness and even asphyxiation. High vapor concentrations or porlonged breathing of lower concentrations may result in damage to the liver, kidneys, lungs and blood forming organs. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

#### Eves

Can cause irritation, redness, tearing and blurred vision.

**Carcinogenicity:** The following chemicals comprise 0.1% or more of this mixture and are listed and/or classified as carcinogens or potential carcinogens by NTP, IARC, OSHA (mandatory listing), or ACGIH (optional listing).

**CAS Number** 

Description

aromatic

% Weight

Carcinogen Rating

64742-95-6

Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light

4

2

Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic: EU REACH: Present (P)

8052-41-3

MINERAL SPIRITS

MII

MINERAL SPIRITS: EU REACH:

Present (P)

### **SECTION 12 - Ecological Information**

## **Ecological Information:**

Uncontrolled release of the product may result in contamination of air, ground, waterways and/or sewers.

#### **Component Ecotoxicity**

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 1490 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis

macrochirus: 2950 mg/L

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: >1000 mg/L

Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light

96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 9.22 mg/L

aromatic

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 6.14 mg/L

1-Butanol

96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 1730 - 1910 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 1740 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis

macrochirus: 100000 - 500000 µg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas:

1910000 µg/L [static]

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 1983 mg/L; 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 1897 -

2072 mg/L [Static]

96 Hr EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus: >500 mg/L; 72 Hr EC50 Desmodesmus

subspicatus: >500 mg/L

n-Butyl acetate

96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 100 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales

promelas: 17 - 19 mg/L [flow-through]

72 Hr EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus: 674.7 mg/L

96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 7.19 - 8.28 mg/L [flow-through] 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 6.14 mg/L

#### **SECTION 13 - Disposal Considerations**

Do not flush to sewer, watershed or waterway. Dispose of product in accordance with applicable local, county, state and federal regulations. See Section 8 for information on exposure control and necessary personal protective equipment.

#### **SECTION 14 - Transportation Information**

Ship according to the Department of Transportation (DOT) 49 CFR regulations.

Agency DOT

**Proper Shipping Name PAINT** 

UN Number

Packing Group

**Hazard Class** 

UN1263

Freight Class:

55

#### **SECTION 15 - Regulatory Information**

## California Proposition 65 (Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986):

This product contains a listed substances known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, at levels which would require a warning under the statute.

- None

This product contains a listed substances known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, at levels which would require a warning under the statute.

The following ingredients are listed in the TSCA Section 8(b) Inventory (Hydrated forms of chemical substances are exempt from the inventory as mixtures; the anhydrous chemical substances, however, are reportable for the Inventory):

95-63-6 Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-

8052-41-3 MINERAL SPIRITS

71-36-3 1-Butanol

123-86-4 n-Butyl acetate

64742-95-6 Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic

111-76-2 2-BUTOXYETHANOL

## US CAA Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

- None

## US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical:

95-63-6 Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-

71-36-3 1-Butanol

#### **Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)**



**HMIS & NFPA Hazard Rating** Legend

\* = Chronic Health Hazard

0 = INSIGNIFICANT

1 = SLIGHT

2 = MODERATE

3 = HIGH

## **SECTION 16 - Disclaimer**

Date Prepared: 6/11/2015 Date revised: 2015-06-11

Reviewer Revision 1

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