# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Carbon Dioxide, Solid or Dry Ice

### Section 1. Identification

**GHS** product identifier

: Carbon Dioxide, Solid or Dry Ice

Chemical name

Carbon dioxide

Other means of

: carbonice : dry ice 6

identification **Product use** 

: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.

Svnonvm

carbonice; dry ice 6

SDS#

Supplier's details

: Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road

Suite 100

Radnor, PA 19087-5283

1-610-687-5253

24-hour telephone

: 1-866-734-3438

### Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

: Not classified.

Classification of the substance or mixture : Not classified by Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling (GHS).

#### **GHS label elements**

Signal word

: Warning

**Hazard statements** 

: May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

May increase respiration and heart rate.

May cause frostbite.

#### **Precautionary statements**

General

: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention

: Not applicable. : Not applicable.

Response Storage

: Not applicable.

Disposal

: Not applicable.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: Contact with cryogenic liquid can cause frostbite and cryogenic burns.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Substance

Chemical name

: Carbon dioxide

Other means of identification

: carbonice; dry ice 6

#### CAS number/other identifiers

**CAS** number

: 124-38-9

Product code

: 001091

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Carbon Dioxide	100	124-38-9

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation

occurs.

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get

medical attention if symptoms occur.

Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and

shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion

Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: May cause eye irritation.

Inhalation

May be harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact

: Harmful if absorbed through the skin. May cause skin irritation. : Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.

**Frostbite** Ingestion

: May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact

: No specific data.

Inhalation

: No specific data.

Skin contact

: No specific data.

Ingestion

: No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising

from the chemical

: No specific fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

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### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Carbon Dioxide, Solid or Dry Ice

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
Carbon Dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant].	
	STEL: 54000 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 9000 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). STEL: 54000 mg/m³ 15 minutes.	
	STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 9000 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 5000 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).	
	TWA: 9000 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hours.  OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).	
	STEL: 54000 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 18000 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 10000 ppm 8 hours.	

Appropriate engineering controls

Environmental exposure controls

- : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
- : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with sideshields.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### <u>Appearance</u>

Physical state

: Solid. [WHITE SNOW-LIKE SOLID]

Color

: White.

Molecular weight

: 44.01 g/mole

Molecular formula

: C-O2

Melting/freezing point

: Sublimation temperature: -78.5°C (-109.3 to °F)

**Critical temperature** 

: 31°C (87.8°F)

Odor

pН

: Not available.

Odor threshold

: Not available.: Not available.

Flash point

: Not available.

Burning time

: Not available.

Burning rate

Not available.

Evaporation rate

Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas)

: Not available.

Lower and upper explosive

: Not available.

(flammable) limits

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Vapor pressure

: Not available.

Vapor density

: Not available.

Specific Volume (ft 3/lb)

0.7407

Gas Density (lb/ft 3)

: 1.35

Relative density

Not available.

Solubility

Not available.

Solubility in water

: Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-

Not available.

octanol/water

: Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

Not available.

SADT

: Not available.

Viscosity

: Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: No specific data.

Incompatible materials

: No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Not available.

**IDLH** 

: 40000 ppm

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

#### Sensitization

Not available.

#### Mutagenicity

Not available.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely

: Not available.

routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: May cause eye irritation.

Inhalation

: May be harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact

: Harmful if absorbed through the skin. May cause skin irritation.

Ingestion

: May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact

: No specific data.

Inhalation

: No specific data.

Skin contact

: No specific data.

Ingestion

: No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity **Teratogenicity** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Developmental effects** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Not available.

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

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## Section 14. Transport information

	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1845	UN1845	UN1845	UN1845	UN1845
UN proper shipping name	CARBON DIOXIDE, SOLID OR DRY ICE	CARBON DIOXIDE, SOLID; OR DRY ICE	CARBON DIOXIDE, SOLID OR DRY ICE	CARBON DIOXIDE, SOLID (DRY ICE)	CARBON DIOXIDE, SOLID
Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9	9	9
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environment	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.
Additional information	Limited quantity Yes.  Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: 200 kg  Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: 200 kg	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.43-2.45 (Class 9).  Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 5  Passenger Carrying Ship Index 200	-		The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.  Passenger and Carga Aircraft Quantity limitation: 200 kg  Cargo Aircraft Only  Quantity limitation: 200 kg
		Special provisions 18			

<sup>&</sup>quot;Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL and

the IBC Code

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: This material is listed or exempted. United States inventory (TSCA 8b): This material is listed or exempted.

Clean Air Act Section 112

: Not listed

(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Clean Air Act Section 602

: Not listed

Class I Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602

: Not listed

Class II Substances **DEA List I Chemicals** 

: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

**DEA List II Chemicals** (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

**SARA 302/304** 

Carbon Dioxide, Solid or Dry Ice

## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ

: Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification

: Refer to Section 2: Hazards Identification of this SDS for classification of substance.

State regulations

Massachusetts

: This material is listed.

**New York** 

: This material is not listed.

**New Jersey** 

: This material is listed.

Pennsylvania

: This material is listed.

International regulations

International lists
National inventory

Australia

: This material is listed or exempted.

Canada

: This material is listed or exempted.

China

This material is listed or exempted.This material is listed or exempted.

Europe Japan

: Japan inventory (ENCS): This material is listed or exempted.

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Malaysia

Japan inventory (ISHL): This material is listed or exempted.

New Zealand

: Not determined.

Philippines

This material is listed or exempted.This material is listed or exempted.

Republic of Korea

This material is listed or exempted.

Taiwan

: This material is listed or exempted.

<u>Canada</u>

WHMIS (Canada)

: Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

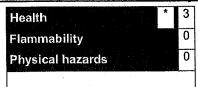
CEPA Toxic substances: This material is listed.
Canadian ARET: This material is not listed.
Canadian NPRI: This material is not listed.

Alberta Designated Substances: This material is not listed.
Ontario Designated Substances: This material is not listed.
Quebec Designated Substances: This material is not listed.

## Section 16. Other information

Canada Label requirements: Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

### Section 16. Other information



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification
Not classified.		

#### **History**

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Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

#### References

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.